



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLAURO INCIARTE

GRUPO N°1.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 56112

IDENTIFICATION

Corsicana field
 Wolf City, Upper Cretaceous
 1,088-1,116 feet

Texas
 Navarro County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.834 Gravity, ° API, 38.2 Four point, ° F, below 5
 Sulfur, percent, 0.24 Color, brownish green
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100° F., 43 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.000

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Stage 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 751 mm. Hg
 First drop, 106 ° F.

Fraction No.	Cut temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum. percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	° API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n _D at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. visc., 100° F.	Cloud test, ° F.
1	122									
2	167	1.7	1.7	0.666	81.0					
3	212	3.2	4.9	70.1	70.4	12	1.38738	127.2		
4	257	5.2	11.1	72.4	63.9	14	1.40466	128.3		
5	303	5.9	17.0	74.2	59.2	15	1.41441	122.9		
6	347	7.6	24.6	76.2	54.2	18	1.42379	132.2		
7	392	6.8	31.4	77.8	50.4	19	1.43298	128.6		
8	437	5.7	37.1	79.5	46.5	22	1.44101	125.8		
9	482	7.1	44.2	80.9	43.4	23	1.44869	130.9		
10	527	7.4	51.6	82.6	39.8	26	1.45727	134.7		

Stage 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	4.5	56.1	0.844	36.2	31	1.46666	136.0	41	10
12	437	6.2	62.3	85.4	34.2	32	1.47114	139.4	47	25
13	482	5.1	67.4	86.6	31.9	34	1.47746	141.3	59	45
14	527	4.8	72.2	88.4	28.6	40	1.48359	147.2	84	60
15	572	5.5	77.7	89.4	26.8	41	1.49112	142.5	155	75
Residuum.		21.6	99.3	951	17.2					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 8.3 percent; crude, 2.0 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	4.9	0.689	73.9	
Total gasoline and naphtha	31.4	0.743	58.9	
Kerosine distillate	12.8	.803	44.7	
Gas oil	16.5	.839	37.2	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	10.3	.857-.886	33.6-28.2	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	6.7	.886-.889	28.2-25.3	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	21.6	.951	17.3	
Distillation loss	.7			

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-53524-2

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLAURO INCIARTE

GRUPO N°2.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Eartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 51051

IDENTIFICATION

Cedar Lake Field
 San Andres, Permian
 4,580-4,765 feet

Texas
 Gaines County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.863 Gravity, ° API, 32.5 Pour point, ° F., below 5
 Sulfur, percent, 2.12 Color, greenish black
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100° F., 45 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.09

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Stage 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 746 mm. Hg
 First drop, 88 ° F.

Fraction No.	Dist. temp. ° F.	Percent	Sam. percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	° API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n_D^{20} at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. vis., 100° F.	Cloud test, ° F.
1	122	1.8	1.8	0.656	84.2		1.39023	139.5		
2	167	6.4	8.2	.697	71.5	20	-	-		
3	212	3.1	11.3	.740	69.5	31	1.42215	146.8		
4	267	4.7	16.0	.761	54.4	32	1.43240	150.7		
5	302	6.4	22.4	.777	50.6	32	1.43892	147.8		
6	347	4.6	27.0	.790	47.6	31	1.44401	145.3		
7	392	4.8	31.8	.801	45.2	30	1.45084	145.9		
8	437	4.3	36.1	.815	42.1	31	1.46039	151.1		
9	482	5.4	41.5	.831	38.8	33	1.47221	162.4		
10	527	6.8	48.3	.849	35.2	37				

STAGE 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	302	1.4	49.7	0.862	32.7	39			40	15
12	437	5.7	55.4	.873	30.6	41			44	30
13	482	5.6	61.0	.889	27.7	45			56	50
14	527	5.3	66.3	.899	25.9	47			82	65
15	572	5.5	71.8	.916	23.0	55			150	85
Residuum.		27.0	98.8	.987	11.9					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 10.7 percent; crude, 3.3 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	11.3	0.702	79.1	
Total gasoline and naphtha	31.8	0.754	56.2	
Kerosine distillate	4.3	.815	42.1	
Gas oil	19.5	.852	34.6	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	9.5	.881-.903	29.1-25.4	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	6.7	.903-.925	25.2-21.5	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	27.0	.987	11.9	
Distillation loss	1.2			

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE 10-27535-3

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°3.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 62056

IDENTIFICATION

Hastings, East field
 Frio, Oligocene
 6,020-6,050 feet

Texas
 Brazoria County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.871 Gravity, ° API, 31.0 Pour point, ° F., below 5
 Sulfur, percent, 0.12 Color, greenish black
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 77°F., 62. sec.; 100°F., 55. sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.02

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

BRASS 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 743 mm. Hg
 First drop, 145 ° F.

Fraction No.	Out temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum. percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	° API 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n _D at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. visc. 100° F.	Cloud test, ° F.
1	122									
2	167	1.1	1.1	0.748	57.7	-	1.40061	126.1		
3	212	1.8	2.9	.753	56.4	37	1.40946	129.6		
4	257	1.7	4.6	.757	55.4	30	1.41686	131.3		
5	302	2.7	7.3	.770	52.3	28	1.42613	139.7		
6	347	3.4	10.7	.789	47.8	31	1.43860	142.8		
7	392	5.1	15.8	.813	42.6	36	1.45011	147.6		
8	437	5.9	21.7	.829	39.2	38	1.45805	149.8		
9	482	9.8	31.5	.846	35.8	41	1.46806	153.5		
10	527	10.7	42.2	.860	33.0	42	1.47690	158.6		

STAGE 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	4.4	46.6	0.871	31.0	44	1.48289	158.7	42	Below 5
12	437	8.7	55.3	.880	29.3	44	1.48436	156.3	49	do
13	482	6.7	62.0	.891	27.3	46	1.48938	155.1	68	do
14	527	5.9	67.9	.904	25.0	49	1.49414	153.0	110	do
15	572	6.6	74.5	.910	24.0	49			225	10
Residuum		23.0	97.5	.942	18.7					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 4.3 percent; crude, 1.1 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	2.9	0.751	56.9	
Total gasoline and naphtha	15.8	0.783	49.2	
Kerosine distillate	-	-	-	
Gas oil	35.6	.855	34.0	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	12.1	.880-.901	29.3-25.6	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	6.4	.901-.908	25.6-24.3	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	4.6	.908-.913	24.3-23.5	Above 200
Residuum	23.0	.942	18.7	
Distillation loss	2.5			

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-57812-2

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°4.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 64036

Sho-Vel-Tum field
 Sholem Alechem area
 Pennsylvanian
 3,468-3,488 feet

IDENTIFICATION

Oklahoma
 Stephens County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.893 Gravity, ° API, 27.0 Pour point, ° F., below 5
 Sulfur, percent, 1.34 Color, greenish black
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100°F., 131 sec.; 130°F., 84 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.243

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Branch 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 732 mm. Hg
 First drop, 77 ° F.

Fraction No.	Cut temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum. percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	° API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index D ₄ at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. visco. 100° F.	Cloud test. ° F.
1	122									
2	167									
3	212	3.2	3.2	0.704	69.5	-	1.39260	128.2		
4	257	3.5	6.7	.737	60.5	20	1.40352	131.7		
5	302	3.7	10.4	.759	54.9	23	1.42062	133.4		
6	347	3.8	14.2	.778	50.4	25	1.43156	135.0		
7	392	3.5	17.7	.798	45.8	29	1.44158	137.7		
8	437	4.0	21.7	.814	42.3	31	1.45105	140.0		
9	482	4.7	26.4	.832	38.6	34	1.46032	142.1		
10	527	5.1	31.5	.847	35.6	36	1.46909	154.9		

Branch 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	3.7	35.2	0.870	31.1	43	1.47931	158.1	42	5
12	437	4.7	39.9	.877	29.8	43	1.48496	164.2	50	25
13	482	5.6	45.5	.895	26.6	48	1.49389	-	73	50
14	527	3.8	49.3	.905	24.9	49			115	60
15	572									
Residuum		48.9	98.2	.972	14.1					

Carbon residua, Conradson: Residuum, 9.2 percent; crude, 4.9 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	3.2	0.704	69.5	
Total gasoline and naphtha	17.7	0.757	55.5	
Kerosine distillate	4.0	.814	42.3	
Gas oil	15.8	.852	34.6	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	8.2	.877-.901	29.8-25.5	10-100
Medium lubricating distillate	3.6	.901-.909	25.5-24.2	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	48.9	.972	14.1	
Distillation loss	1.8			

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-2742-0

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°5.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines ... Bartlesville ... Laboratory
 Sample ... 59172

IDENTIFICATION

Sho-Vel-Tun field
 Tatums area
 Pennsylvanian

Oklahoma
 Garvin County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, ... 0.928 ... Gravity, ° API, ... 21.0 ... Pour point, ° F, ... below 5 ...
 Sulfur, percent, ... 1.68 ... Color, ... brownish black ...
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100°F., 550 sec.; 130°F., 440 sec., Nitrogen, percent, ... 0.482 ...

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Stage 1--Distillation at atmospheric pressure, ... 743 ... mm. Hg
 First drop, ... 147 ... ° F.

Fraction No.	Cut temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum. percent	Sp. gr., 60/60° F.	° API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n _D , at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. Visc., 100° F.	Cloud temp., ° F.
1	122									
2	167									
3	212	2.6	2.6	0.695	72.1	-	1.38886	124.3		
4	257	2.8	5.4	.737	60.5	20	1.40876	124.0		
5	302	2.9	8.3	.758	55.2	23	1.41971	128.8		
6	347	3.5	11.8	.778	50.3	25	1.43164	131.0		
7	392	2.7	14.5	.799	45.6	29	1.44187	135.5		
8	437	3.1	17.6	.817	41.7	32	1.45080	138.7		
9	482	4.4	22.0	.832	38.6	-	1.46062	143.8		
10	527									

Stage 2--Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	6.1	28.1	0.859	33.2	-	1.47659	156.3	38	below 5
12	437	4.5	32.6	.878	29.7	43	1.48547	160.2	47	do.
13	482	3.9	36.5	.890	27.5	46	1.49374	157.4	62	do.
14	527	4.8	41.3	.909	24.2	-	1.50253	161.8	105	do.
15	572									
Residuum		55.9	97.2	1.012	8.3					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, ... 8.2 percent; crude, ... 5.0 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	2.6	0.695	72.1	
Total gasoline and naphtha	14.5	0.755	55.9	
Kerosine distillate	3.1	.817	41.7	
Gas oil	13.6	.854	34.2	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	7.3	.880-.907	29.3-24.5	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	2.8	.907-.919	24.5-22.5	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	55.9	1.012	8.3	
Distillation loss	2.8			

U. S. BUREAU OF MINES OFFICE LG-32013-9

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°6.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 54064

IDENTIFICATION

Sho-Yel-Tun field
 Camp area
 Springer, Pennsylvanian
 6,295-6,385 feet

Oklahoma
 Carter County

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.887 Gravity, ° API, 28.0 Pour point, ° F, 10
 Sulfur, percent, 1.41 Color, brownish black
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100°F., 115 sec.; 130°F., 81 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.318

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Series 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 745 mm. Hg
 First drop, 84 ° F.

Fraction No.	Cut temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum, percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	° API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n _D at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. Visc. 100° F.	Cloud test, ° F.
1	122	1.3	1.3	0.648	86.9					
2	147	1.5	2.8	.674	78.4	9.4				
3	212	3.3	6.1	.712	67.2	18	1.39123	127.3		
4	257	4.3	10.4	.739	60.0	21	1.40995	127.9		
5	302	4.0	14.4	.758	55.7	23	1.42105	130.1		
6	347	4.1	18.5	.779	50.1	26	1.43181	134.3		
7	392	3.7	22.2	.798	45.8	29	1.44175	136.9		
8	437	4.1	26.3	.814	42.3	31	1.45087	141.2		
9	482	4.8	31.1	.831	38.8	33	1.46025	145.7		
10	527	6.0	37.1	.848	35.4	37	1.46939	155.6		

Series 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	802	1.1	38.2	.862	32.7	39	1.47778	153.8	43	10
12	437	4.7	42.9	.873	30.6	41	1.48216	156.6	46	25
13	482	4.6	47.5	.882	28.9	42	1.48952	161.8	59	40
14	527	5.3	52.8	.898	26.1	46			88	55
15	572	5.3	58.1	.911	23.8	49			175	70
Residuum		40.9	99.0	.982	12.6					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 11.4 percent; crude, 5.2 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasolins	5.1	0.689	73.9	
Total gasolins and naphtha	22.2	0.746	58.2	
Kerosine distillate	4.1	.814	42.3	
Gas oil	16.0	.844	36.2	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	8.6	.854-.871	34.2-31.0	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	6.1	.871-.891	31.0-27.3	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	1.1	.891-.894	27.3-26.8	Above 200
Residuum	40.9	.982	12.6	
Distillation loss	1.0			

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°7.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 54060

IDENTIFICATION

Bayou des Allemands field Louisiana
 Miocene Lafourche Parish

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.845 Gravity, ° API, 36.0 Pour point, ° F, 35
 Sulfur, percent, 0.20 Color, brownish green
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100°F, 59 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.040

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Stage 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 743 mm. Hg
 First drop, 85 ° F.

Fraction No.	Cut temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum, percent	Sp. gr. @90° F.	° API @60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index, n _D at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. vis., 100° F.	Cloud test, ° F.
1	122	0.5	0.5	0.670	79.7					
2	167	1.2	1.7	.675	78.1	11				
3	212	1.6	3.3	.722	64.5	23	1.39163	137.0		
4	257	2.7	6.0	.748	57.7	26	1.41725	141.7		
5	302	3.1	9.1	.765	53.5	26	1.42668	142.3		
6	347	3.9	13.0	.778	50.4	25	1.43374	140.7		
7	392	4.7	17.7	.789	47.8	24	1.43962	138.0		
8	437	5.7	23.4	.801	45.2	24	1.44529	137.6		
9	482	8.0	31.4	.814	42.3	25	1.45193	137.4		
10	527	10.7	42.1	.825	40.0	26	1.45884	142.9		

Stage 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	5.0	47.1	0.845	36.0	31	1.46614	142.6	40	35
12	437	10.0	57.1	.854	32	32	1.46870	139.9	45	30
13	482	7.8	64.9	.863	32.5	33	1.47403	140.4	56	50
14	527	7.0	71.9	.874	30.4	35			81	65
15	572	6.5	78.4	.889	27.7	39			145	85
Residuum		20.8	99.2	.931	20.5					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 3.7 percent; crude, 0.8 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	° API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	3.3	0.697	71.5	
Total gasoline and naphtha	17.7	0.759	54.9	
Kerosine distillate	24.4	.816	41.9	
Gas oil	14.2	.850	35.0	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	14.1	.858-.878	33.4-29.7	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	8.0	.878-.895	29.7-26.6	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	20.8	.931	20.5	
Distillation loss	.8			

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 12-37933-3

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.



REPÚBLICA BOLIVARIANA DE VENEZUELA
UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL EXPERIMENTAL
DE LA FUERZA ARMADA
NÚCLEO ZULIA

FISICOQUÍMICA DE HIDROCARBUROS Y SUPERFICIE
PROF. NOLaura INCIARTE

GRUPO N°8.

CRUDE PETROLEUM ANALYSIS

Bureau of Mines Bartlesville Laboratory
 Sample 60052

IDENTIFICATION

Black Bay, West field
 9200', Miocene
 9,178-9,185 feet

Louisiana
 Plaquemines Parish

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Gravity, specific, 0.853 Gravity, ° API, 34.4 Pour point, ° F., below 5
 Sulfur, percent, 0.19 Color, brownish green
 Viscosity, Saybolt Universal at 100°F., 46 sec. Nitrogen, percent, 0.04

DISTILLATION, BUREAU OF MINES ROUTINE METHOD

Stage 1—Distillation at atmospheric pressure, 758 mm. Hg
 First drop, 113 ° F.

Fraction No.	Out temp. ° F.	Percent	Sum, percent	Sp. gr. 60/60° F.	* API, 60° F.	C. I.	Refractive index n _D at 20° C.	Specific dispersion	S. U. vis. 100° F.	Cloud test. ° F.
1	122									
2	167									
3	212	2.6	2.6	0.706	68.9	-	1.39971	129.4		
4	267	3.1	5.7	.739	60.0	21	1.41235	132.0		
5	302	3.7	9.4	.762	54.2	25	1.42308	135.4		
6	347	4.2	13.6	.780	49.9	26	1.43298	137.1		
7	392	5.8	19.4	.796	46.3	28	1.44076	138.4		
8	437	4.9	24.3	.807	43.8	27	1.44701	139.1		
9	482	7.6	31.9	.820	41.1	28	1.45383	140.8		
10	527	9.1	41.0	.834	38.2	30	1.46161	143.0		

Stage 2—Distillation continued at 40 mm. Hg

11	392	6.0	47.0	0.846	35.8	32	1.46905	148.8	40	below 5
12	407	8.3	55.3	.854	34.2	32	1.47238	147.4	46	70
13	422	6.8	62.1	.866	31.9	34	1.47868	144.0	58	50
14	527	5.8	67.9	.881	29.1	38	1.48434	-	81	60
15	572	6.1	74.0	.892	27.1	40			135	70
Residuum		24.5	98.5	.940	19.0					

Carbon residue, Conradson: Residuum, 4.6 percent; crude, 1.2 percent.

APPROXIMATE SUMMARY

	Percent	Sp. gr.	* API	Viscosity
Light gasoline	2.6	0.706	68.9	
Total gasoline and naphtha	19.4	0.765	53.5	
Kerosene distillate	12.5	.815	42.1	
Gas oil	21.9	.843	36.4	
Nonviscous lubricating distillate	12.9	.858-.884	33.4-28.6	50-100
Medium lubricating distillate	7.3	.884-.898	28.6-26.1	100-200
Viscous lubricating distillate	-	-	-	Above 200
Residuum	24.5	.940	19.0	
Distillation loss	1.5			

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-52523-2

Determine:

- a. Curva TBP, ASTM y EFV.
- b. Factor de caracterización de Watson.